

SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FOR 2.3.1

**STUDENT CENTRIC METHODS, SUCH AS EXPERIENTIAL LEARNING,
PARTICIPATIVE LEARNING AND PROBLEM-SOLVING METHODOLOGIES ARE
USED FOR ENHANCING LEARNING EXPERIENCES**

Sr. No.	Name of the faculty	Department	Link of resources
1	Dr. G. K. Kakade	Chemistry	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/19xLljz80pp4jC456eQ6mtsruJF2QHfqE/edit?usp=drivesdk&oid=114312626749056079889&rtpof=true&sd=true 2. https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1y-66Eg9q97Feu08NGgtqMCxw65EK6rpT/edit?usp=drivesdk&oid=114312626749056079889&rtpof=true&sd=true 3. https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1W93kN5XIYwGC0w_CjsfYy_slDpumJuAm/edit?usp=drivesdk&oid=114312626749056079889&rtpof=true&sd=true
2	Mr. M. A. Jogade	Mathematics	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/12YgvB2DGHvneofDnQuV3kTLplOc0AW8a?usp=share_link
3	Dr. M. N. Gaikwad	Chemistry	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1jP4h0In_EKOKrIWUcYG_EA8ZdGiOHIA9?usp=sharing
4	Dr. D. M. Bharti	Economics	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://youtu.be/XxD3VCWV7TM 2. https://drdeepakbhartilatur.wordpress.com/ 3. https://economicsdeptbharti.blogspot.com/
5	Dr. S. G. Basole	Botany	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://classroom.google.com/c/NDUyMjcyOTcxNTlw?cjc=3yv3d56 2. https://sgbplantarum.blogspot.com/?m=1
6	Dr. L. B. Jadhavar	Physics	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1BEHDmVRHvIEBXLVCTq3oGR6GEJZKeneK/edit?usp=sharing&oid=100790030683883475475&rtpof=true&sd=true 2. https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1AzYfnUYAa0BA-GaFuwPZIZ7GBvWMqIW_/edit?usp=sharing&oid=100790030683883475475&rtpof=true&sd=true 3. https://drive.google.com/file/d/1BS4m3nRlaTaKP6pJ50oXtJYB91g29PcX/view?usp=sharing

7	Dr. A. D. Lakhe	Zoology	1. https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/18cxeCJzRgQFBym0xek4qjZnzGqJFzFRq?usp=sharing
8	Dr. D. N. Ganjewar	English	1. https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1iqQRccuvzHTZWq1J5ttHX2sPu2MDI2K-/edit?usp=sharing&oid=118274641860031216849&rtpof=true&sd=true 2. https://youtu.be/71jRv3jqyWM 3. https://www.facebook.com/drpramodambadasraopawar2020/videos/928229584417949/
9	Dr. B. A. Pagare	Commerce	1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Aid0D8RXMDY&t=8s
10	Dr. D. B. Jadhav	Pub. Ad.	1. https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1l-ZX0DZS17nXFBXHq2PPtQd5KW1MlwwR/edit?usp=drivesdk&oid=116284583898601599409&rtpof=true&sd=true 2. https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1eljufywYs1P9Su0pcgO7QUxFekMGCWqJ/edit?usp=drivesdk&oid=116284583898601599409&rtpof=true&sd=true
11	Dr. V. S. Kedari	Marathi	1. https://drive.google.com/file/d/1d6UKaQM5vjbqg-hMC-Ue-MkHV599aeSu/view?usp=sharing
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13	Mr. N. S. Waghmare	Pol. Sci.	1. https://youtu.be/6fiQOx9rJUE
14	Dr. G. D. Bavaskar	Sociology	1. https://youtube.com/channel/UCmMZSUGzPGwDQGFnRTeYEqQ 2. https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1nYPsSI_OgQ5ocKtWI-acLsk7MQBDIOkF/edit?usp=sharing&oid=101148280604240872473&rtpof=true&sd=true

15	Mr. M. G. Rathod	History	1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TI8D0N7tZ5Q
16	Mr. G. D. Sagar	Librarian	1. https://acsclibrarydharur.blogspot.com/
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18	Dr. N. B. Kumbhar	Hindi	1. http://nitinkumbhar.blogspot.com/
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Heterocyclic Chemistry

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Department of Chemistry
MSc Mandal's ASC College, Kille-Dharur

Heterocyclic Chemistry

DEFINITION OF HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS

Heterocyclic compounds are cyclic compounds which contains one or more atoms of other elements along with carbon atoms.

DEFINITION OF HETEROATOM

Hetero atoms are those which contains an atom other than carbon such as nitrogen, oxygen, sulphur, phosphorus etc.

Heterocyclic Chemistry

CLASSIFICATION:

Depending upon the size of heterocyclic ring, they are classified into different types.

Five membered heterocyclic compounds

pyrrole, furan, thiophene, imidazole, pyrrole, thiazole

Six membered heterocyclic compounds

pyridine, piperidine, morphine

Heterocyclic Chemistry

Fused heterocyclic compounds:

indole, naphthalene, quinoline

Heterocyclic Chemistry

Prefixes for different Heteroatoms

No.	Heteroatom	Prefix	Suffix	Prefix
1	Oxygen	O-	-ole	-oxe
2	Nitrogen	N-	-azine	-oxazine
3	Sulphur	S-	-thiane	-thio
4	Phosphorus	P-	-phospha	-phospha

Hetero-Monocyclic Compounds

A. Five-membered Rings with one Heteroatom

- The main reason for the study of pyrrole came from the work on the structure of haem, the blood respiratory pigment, and the chlorophyll, the green photosynthetic pigment of plants.
- Thiophene and its derivatives occurs in petroleum.
- Furan occurs widely in secondary plant metabolites, especially in terpenoids.
- Unsaturated pyrrole, furan, and thiophene are usually obtained from petroleum.

N=NH Pyrrole, N=O Furan, N=S Thiophene, Pyrrole, Thiophene, Furan

Hetero-Monocyclic Compounds

A. Five-membered Rings with one Heteroatom

- Pyrrole, furan and thiophene are colorless liquids of boiling points 119, 32, and 84 respectively.
- Pyrrole has a relatively high boiling point as compared to furan and thiophene. This is due to the presence of intermolecular hydrogen bonding in pyrrole.

Chemical structures of pyrrole, furan, and thiophene are shown.

Hetero-Monocyclic Compounds

Structure and Aromaticity: A. Five-membered Rings with one Heteroatom

1) Pyrrole, furan and thiophene are aromatic because:

2) They tend to react with electrophilic substitution due to presence of lone pair on carbon atom due to delocalization as shown in the following resonance structures.

Hetero-Monocyclic Compounds

Structure and Aromaticity: A. Five-membered Rings with one Heteroatom

3) Electrons not available for delocalization are shown in the following resonance structures.

Hetero-Monocyclic Compounds

Structure and Aromaticity: A. Five-membered Rings with one Heteroatom

4) The pattern of reactivity with Electrophilic reagents. Aromatic compounds react by substitution.

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1	Dr. G. K. Kakade	Chemistry

MAT302- Laplace Transformation
B.Sc. S. Y.
MR. M. A. JOGADE

Laplace Transform

Let $f(x)$ be defined for $0 \leq x < \infty$ and let s denote an arbitrary real variable. The Laplace transform of $f(x)$, designated by either $\mathcal{L}\{f(x)\}$ or $F(s)$, is

$$\mathcal{L}\{f(x)\} = F(s) = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-sx} f(x) dx$$

for all values of s for which the improper integral converges. Convergence occurs when the limit

$$\lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^R e^{-sx} f(x) dx$$

exists. If this limit does not exist, the improper integral diverges and $f(x)$ has no Laplace transform. When evaluating the integral, the variable s is treated as a constant because the integration is with respect to x .

The Laplace transforms for a number of elementary functions can be found in Annexure of the Book.

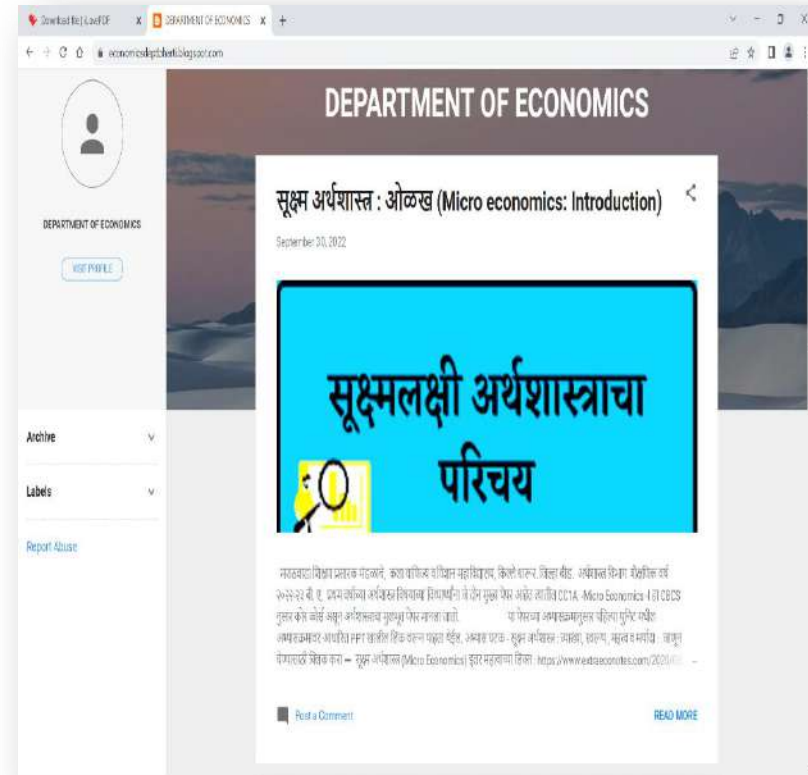
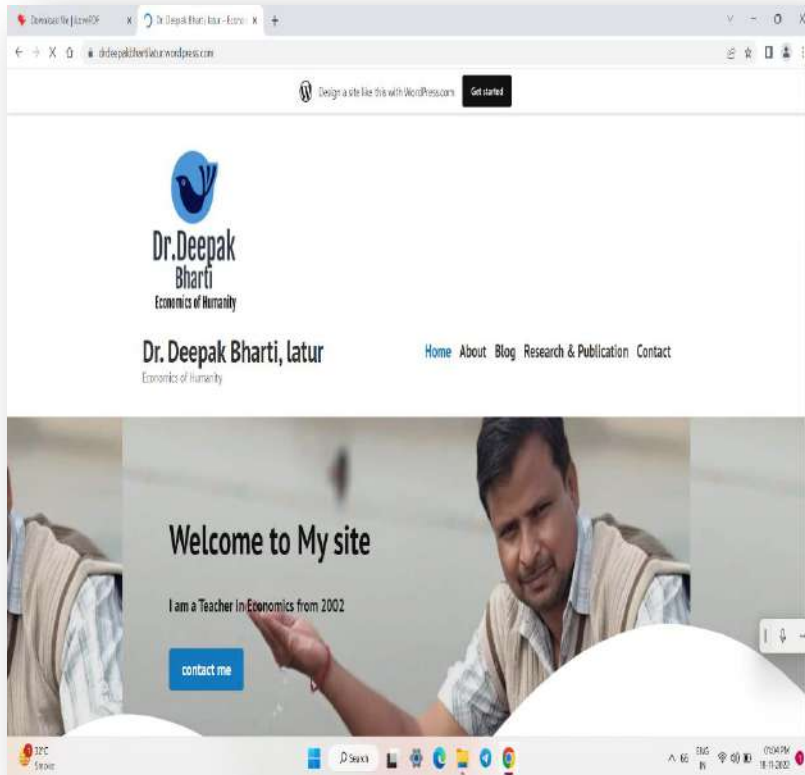
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3	Dr. M. N. Gaikwad	Chemistry



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4	Dr. D. M. Bharti	Economics

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A platform for plant science information

New horizon in botany

August 18, 2022

Botany Career

Definition & description
The scientific study of plants, including their physiology, anatomy, genetics, ecology, distribution, classification, and evolutionary relationships.

Personal qualities
Being observant and patient, having a good eye for detail, and being able to work independently are some of the personal qualities required for a career in botany.

Education required
A bachelor's degree in botany is the minimum requirement for a career in botany. A master's degree is often required for research positions, and a Ph.D. is necessary for a career in academia.

Employment outlook
The employment outlook for botanists is generally positive, with a projected increase in the number of jobs in the field over the next several years.

Careers
Botanists can work in a variety of settings, including universities, government agencies, and private industry. Some common career paths include research, education, and conservation.

Pay scale
Botanist yearly pay ranges between 20,000 and 70,000 depending on your specific job, your employer, years of working, and specialization in the field.

Work environment
Work hours will vary with employer and your project. You may possibly have to travel depending on your specific job.

Karah Sivley

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Sr. No.	Name of the faculty	Department
5	Dr. S. G. Basole	Botany

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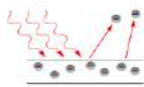
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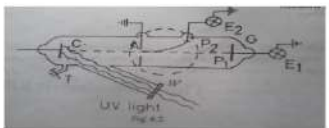
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Photoelectric Effect


B.Sc. S. Y. (Sem. III)

Dr. L. B. Jadhavar,
M.S.P. Mandali,
Arts, Commerce & Science Colleges,
Kille-Dharur, Dist. Beed.

- Photoelectric effect: The phenomena of emission of electrons under the action of light is called as the photoelectric effect.
 - It is observed that when the ultraviolet light or x rays of suitable wavelength is incident upon the metal surface then the electrons are emitted from the metal.
 - The emitted electrons are called as the photoelectrons & the current produced is called as the photoelectric current.
 - The photoelectric effect was first introduced by Wilhelm Ludwig Franz Hallwachs in the year 1887 and the experimental verification was done by Heinrich Rudolf Hertz.
- 
- The photoelectric effect cannot be explained by considering light as a wave. However, this phenomenon can be explained by the corpuscular nature of light, in which light can be visualized as a stream of particles of electromagnetic energy. These particles of light are called photons. The energy held by a photon is related to the frequency of the light via Planck's equation:

$$E = h\nu$$
 where,
 - E - the energy of the photon
 - h - Planck's constant
 - ν - denotes the frequency of the light
 - c - is the speed of light (in vacuum)
 - Use the wave-length of the light
 - The photoelectric effect does not occur when the red light strikes the metallic surface because the frequency of red light is lower than the threshold frequency of the metal.
 - The photoelectric effect occurs when green light strikes the metallic surface and photoelectrons are emitted.
 - The photoelectric effect also occurs when blue light strikes the metallic surface. However, the kinetic energies of the emitted photoelectrons are much higher for blue light than for green light. This is because blue light has a greater frequency than green light.
- The photoelectric effect does not occur when the red light strikes the metallic surface because the frequency of red light is lower than the threshold frequency of the metal.
 - The photoelectric effect occurs when green light strikes the metallic surface and photoelectrons are emitted.
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- 

Lenard's method to determine e/m of photoelectrons:

 - The Lenard's apparatus used for the determination of e/m of photoelectrons is as shown in the figure.
- 
- He considered a long hollow an evacuated glass tube, the tube is evacuated by the side tube T & across one end there is a photosensitive metallic plate or cathode (C) which is ready to emit the electrons under the action of light.
 - And across the another end of the tube there is a collector plate P & P' connected to a sensitive electrometer E₁ & E₂ by which we can measure the photoelectric currents.
 - The plate P' is kept in a perpendicular direction to the plate P, and to the motion of beam of electrons.
 - In between the aluminum cathode C and metallic plate P, there is earthed anode A which has a small rim hole at the center so that the fine beam of electrons can be produced.
 - The cathode can be kept at any desired potential positive or negative w.r.t. to the anode A.
 - Here we can apply the magnetic field into the path of beam of electrons i.e. magnetic field is applied into region of dotted circle.
- This tube is provided with a quartz window through which the ultraviolet light of suitable frequency is allowed to incident upon the cathode C as shown in the figure.
 - Let the ultraviolet light of fixed frequency & intensity be incident on the cathode C, where C is connected to common external circuit to the anode.
- After this the magnetic field be applied into the beam of electrons shown in the dotted region, due to this the beam gets deflected in the upward direction. Here this beam is collected by the plate P' and the photoelectric current is measured by using the electrometer E.
 - The scientist Lenard first studied the relation in between the photoelectric current I and cathode potential.
 - It is observed that when the cathode potential was several volts
- Let when on cathode C there is a very large negative potential then the velocity acquired by the photoelectrons is very high than the initial value.
 - Let V be the potential on anode and v be the velocity of emitted photoelectrons then

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = eV \quad (1)$$
 Where e-charge on photoelectron

Sr. No.	Name of the faculty	Department
6	Dr. L. B. Jadhavar	Physics

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APICULTURE

(MODERN BEEKEEPING)



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INTRODUCTION TO MODERN BEE KEEPING

- Apiculture (Apo-besey bee, culture-to rear), is one of the most important branches of an applied Zoology.
- Honey bee is one of the **domesticated insect**. Honey was the only sweetening agent through out the world before entry of cane sugar & beet sugar.
- Rearing of honey bees on a commercial scale is called **APICULTURE**.
- Crop production by many **African** species of bees pollination is very important. Bees acts as **good pollinating agents** for cultivated plants and increase the crop production.
- Indian economy is mainly depends on agriculture sector, so that **APICULTURE** is having vast importance.
- Now **Apiculture** is popular throughout the world.
- It is now becoming popular in India not only because of production of **honey & wax** but also because of pollinating agents for cultivated plants & increase the production.
- It is an ideal agro-based subsidiary enterprise providing sup. major income to the people in rural areas.

BEEKEEPING IN MAHARASHTRA

In Maharashtra, the **five kinds of Indian honey bees** are **Apis indica**, **Apis cerana**, **Apis dorsata**, **Apis mellifera** and **Apis florea**. The most **many** species are found in Maharashtra.


The **ICAR** has established research center located at **Pune & Coimbatore**.

The **ICAR** also organizes **extension & awareness camps** to organize about bee-keeping among the people.

The **ICAR** also provides **courses to farmers & to rural extension workers** located at **Pune, Coimbatore & Solapur** districts.

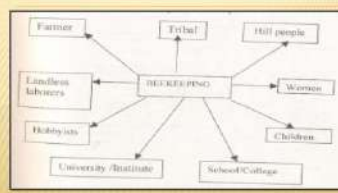
The **beekeeping cooperative societies** are established in **South & Southern districts**. The **ICAR** have **honeybees** stop control centers to increase in honey production.

The **ICAR** also provides **extension & awareness camps** to organize about bee-keeping among the people.




APARY

BEEKEEPING FOR WHOM ?




BEEKEEPING - WHY ?



SPECIES OF HONEYBEES & THEIR OCCURRENCE

- There are about 10,000 kinds of bees.
- Belongs to class **Insecta** & order **Hymenoptera**.
- Three families are social bees & honey producing.
- They are **Bombidae**, **Megachilidae** & **Apidae**.
- Apidae** is the main honey producing family.
- It has four species are very popular with beekeeping industry.
- 1) **Apis dorsata** (Rock bee)
- 2) **Apis indica** (Eastern bee)
- 3) **Apis florea** (Garden bee) (pollinating bee)
- 4) **Apis mellifera** (Western bee)
- 5) **Apis cerana** (Rock bee)
- 6) **Apis cerana indica** (Indian honey bee)
- It is called as Indian honey bee.
- Found in forest & plain regions of India.
- It is medium in size & slightly smaller than **Apis dorsata**.
- It spreads over to **Pakistan, Sri Lanka, S.E. Asia, Indonesia, Philippines, China & Japan**.
- Prefer to live in dense places & always build combs in crevices of tree trunks, rocks or walls.
- 12 to 150 hives** have been reported on single tree.
- They are good honey gatherers.
- They start their duties early in the morning & stop late in the evening than **Apis indica**.



SPECIES OF HONEYBEES & THEIR OCCURRENCE

- It creates surplus honey in the front portion of the comb.
- It is harvested 2-3 times during the season by professional honey gatherers.
- It may yield 16 kg honey per year & 1-2 kg of wax.
- Workers are very smart & active, may pollinate 12,000 flowers daily.
- Due to their open air habit rock bees can not be kept in hives, due to its ferocious & irritable nature.
- It is very difficult to domesticate them for bee keeping industry.
- Their poison can kill the man.
- 1) **Apis cerana indica** (Indian honey bee)
- It is called as Indian honey bee.
- Found in forest & plain regions of India.
- It is medium in size & slightly smaller than **Apis dorsata**.
- It spreads over to **Pakistan, Sri Lanka, S.E. Asia, Indonesia, Philippines, China & Japan**.
- Prefer to live in dense places & always build combs in crevices of tree trunks, rocks or walls.

SPECIES OF HONEYBEES & THEIR OCCURRENCE


- They construct several parallel combs.
- It is only Indian species kept in artificial hives.
- These bees are more productive as they are good gatherers of nectar.
- It's honey yield is 3.0 to 4.5 kg on the hills & 1.5 to 2.2 kg on plain.
- Maximum yield over 4.5 kg of honey at the Govt. bee farm (B.P.) have been reported.
- The bees are mild & easy to handle.
- 4) **Apis florea** (Garden bee)
- Smallest of all bees so called as little bee or garden bee.
- Occurs in India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Thailand etc.
- Not gregarious in nature.
- Builds single vertical comb of the size of plate.
- The comb hangs over from branches of bushes, hedges, cover buildings etc.
- It remains in the open & does not easily sting.
- They are not economically important because poor gatherers of nectar & yield about 0.5 to 1 kg honey.
- The species is very gentle in nature, so it can be domesticated.
- The bees are beautiful with white & red bands.

SPECIES OF HONEYBEES & THEIR OCCURRENCE

- The species is yellow brown in colour.
- Drives away black with smoky grey hairs.
- There are two belief about these bees-1) Honey has medicinal value & 2) Bee makes honey during dark night & spend it in moon light night by drinking.
- 4) **Apis mellifera**
- It is found in Europe, Africa, U.S.S.R.

SPECIES OF HONEYBEES & THEIR OCCURRENCE

- In South Africa in 1949 is reported 818 1 kg yield from a single queen colony.
- The species is regarded as truly & been introduced into all the corners of the world.
- BEEs as Input to Agriculture**
- Crops pollinated by bees.
- Many of the species are good pollinators of various flowers & are cross pollinators by bees.



Bees as Input to Agriculture

- Additional benefits**
- Bees** increase the viability of seeds, embryo & plants.
- Aromatic & more nutritious fruits are formed.
- Increase the **vegetative mass** & stimulates faster growth.

HONEY BEE PRODUCTS

- Honey**
- It is most wonderful gift of God.
- First sweetening agent known to early man.
- It is sweet liquid gathered by honeybees from nectar.
- The honey bees, through the process of honey bee, concentrate the nectar.

Sr. No.	Name of the faculty	Department
7	Dr. A. D. Lakhe	Zoology

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Accounting

Branches of Accounting:

- 1) Financial Accounting \leftarrow to know P&L
to know financial position
- 2) Cost Accounting \leftarrow to know cost
to control the cost
- 3) Management Accounting \rightarrow to take
managerial decision

Definition of Accounting
AICPA: "Accounting is an art of Recording
classifying & summarizing in a significant
manner & in terms of money, transaction
& events which are in a part, at least
of financial character & interpreting the
results thereof."

In short: "Accounting is a language of
Business which involves so many
terms relating to business.
Example: Account Payable, Receivable, B/S, P&L,
Revenue, Share, creditor, Debtor etc."

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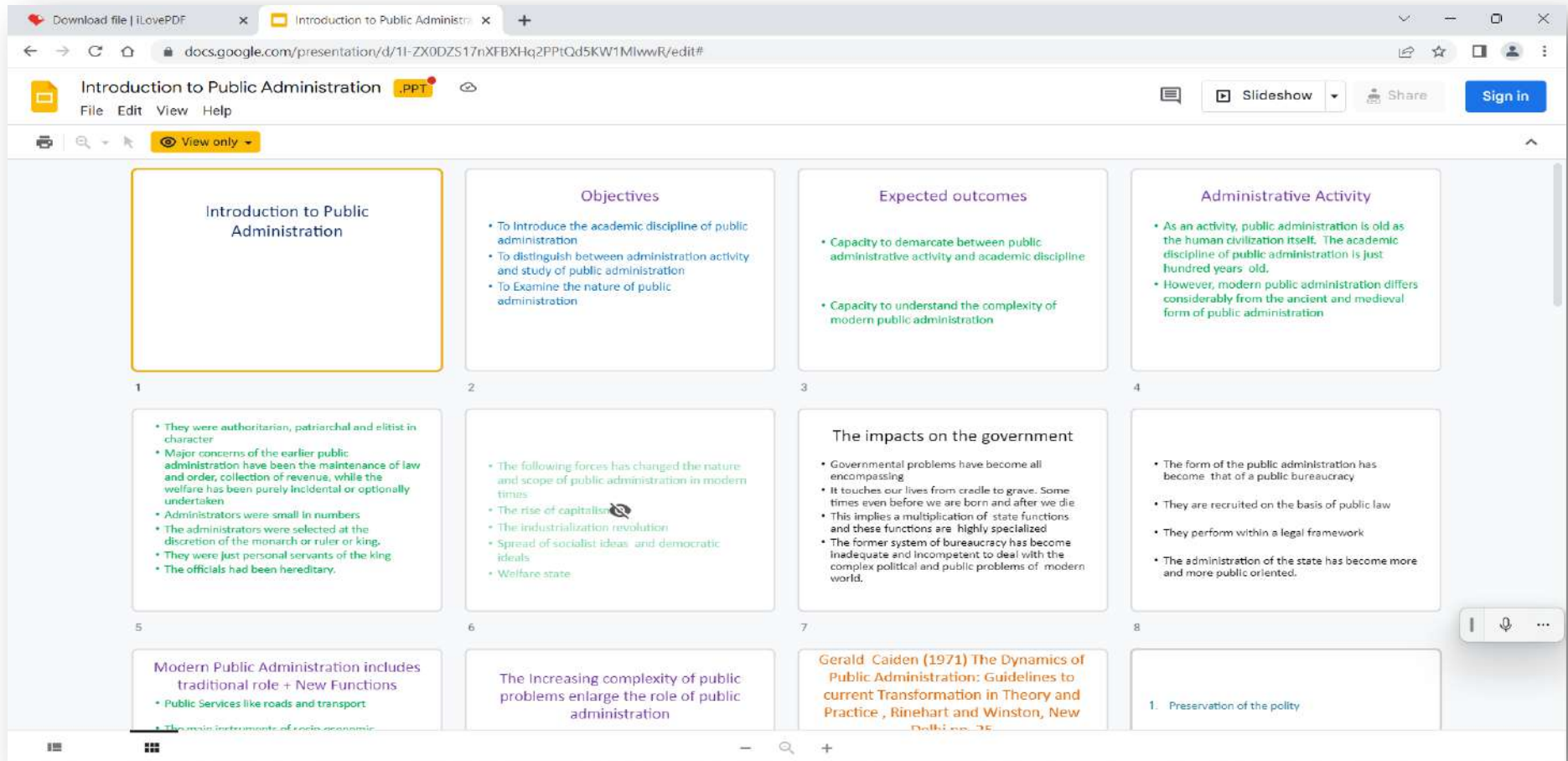
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"साहित्य – संकल्पना आणि लक्षणे"

प्रास्ताविक :

साहित्याचा अर्थ विविध सामग्री असा असला तरी साहित्य हा शब्द मात्र एकच विशिष्ट अर्थ सांगतो. तो म्हणजे लेखन, वाङ्मय अशी आणखी एक संज्ञा साहित्याला पर्याय म्हणून वापरली जाते. जे-जे बोलले जाते ते-ते वाङ्मय तसेच जे-जे लिखित ते-ते साहित्य. परंतु या दोन्ही संज्ञा सर्वच लेखनाला लावता येत नाहीत. कारण जन्मकुडली, पंचांग आदी लेखन साहित्याच्या, वाङ्मयाच्या संज्ञेत येत नाहीत.

येथे साहित्य म्हणजे काय किंवा साहित्याचे स्वरूप पाहत असताना साहित्य म्हणून जे ओळखले जाते ते भावनांचा आविष्कार घडवणारे साहित्य. आज आपण रामायण, महाभारत या ग्रंथापासून आजच्या कथा, कादंबरी काव्य, नाट्य आदी प्रकारच्या लेखनाला साहित्य म्हणतो.

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साहित्य संकल्पनेची वेगवेगळ्या जाणवेनेच साहित्याच्या दोन

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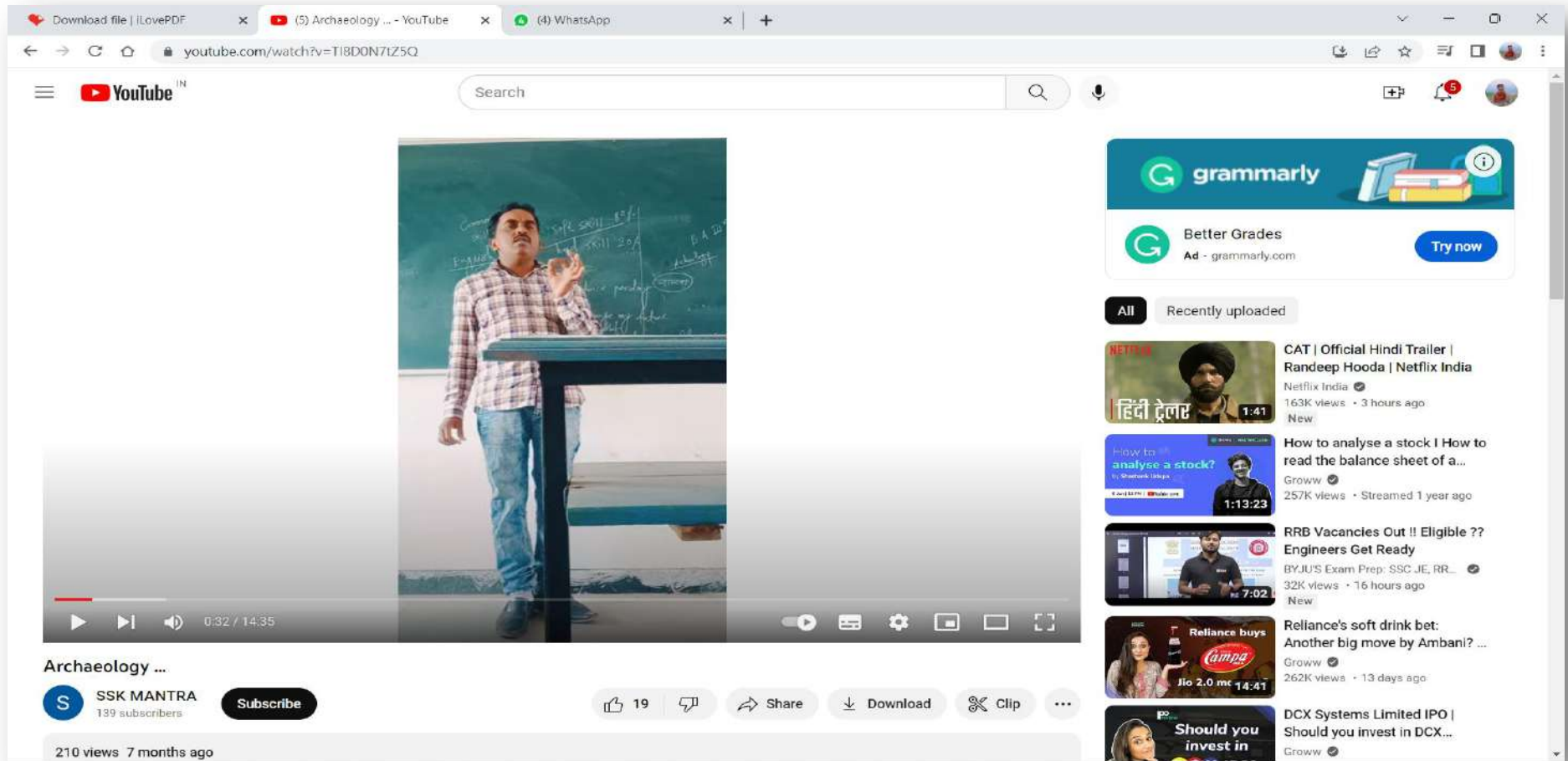
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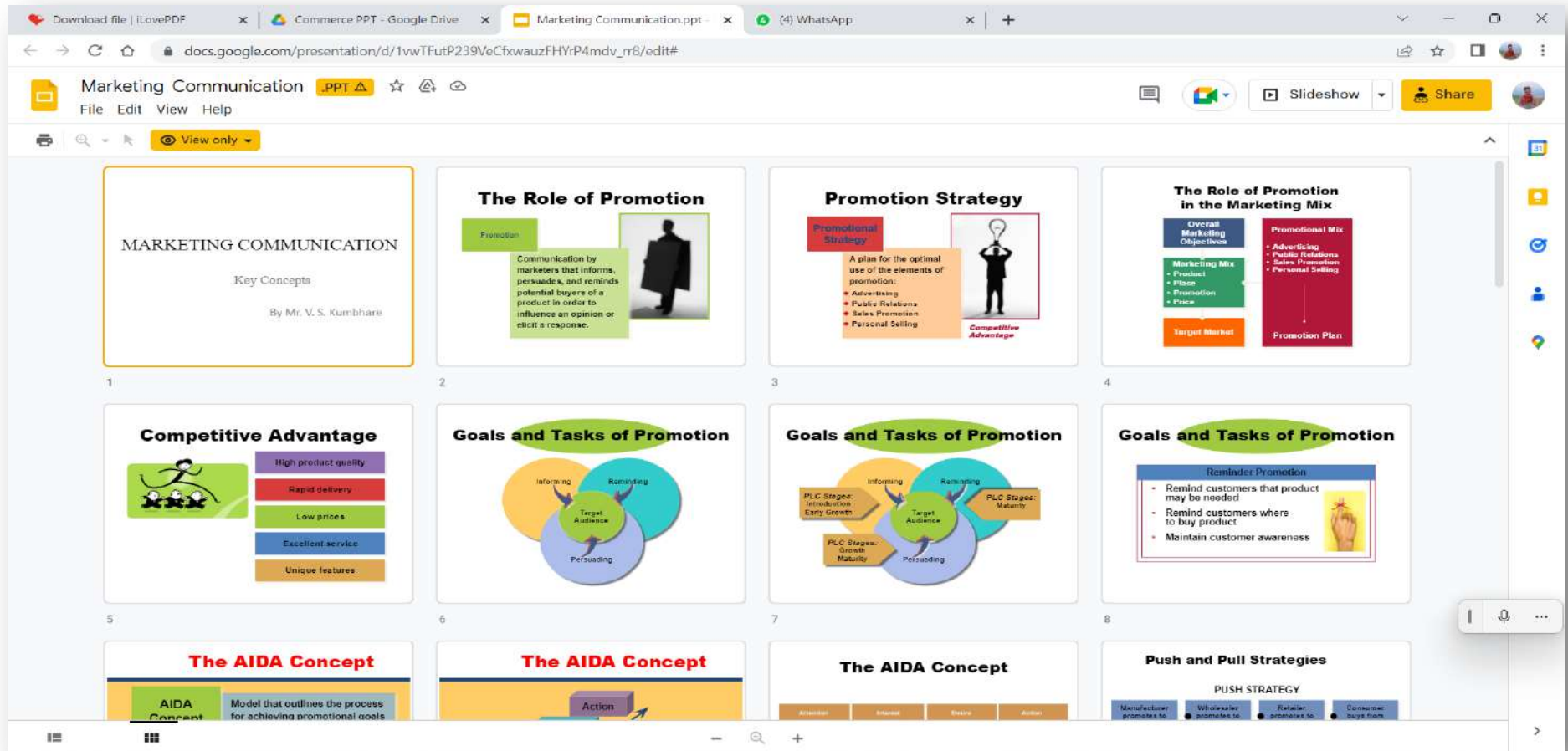
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स्पंदन...

भाषा और साहित्य की विभिन्न वेबसाइट्स पर प्रकाशित पोर्टल की बनावट आदि की बुनियादी सीधे इंटरनेट पर प्रकाशित साहित्य का व्यापक परिचय देनेवाला यह blog भाषा की क्षमता को भी रेखांकित करता है और इंटरनेट जैसे सर्वव्यापी मंच पर भाषा के नए उभरते भाषा-वैज्ञानिक स्वरूप को भी स्पष्ट करता है। यह blog उन साहित्यकारों, समीक्षकों, अध्यापकों और रचनाकारों के लिए भी 'आई ओपनर' का काम करेगा जो अभी तक इंटरनेट से बचते आए हैं और उसकी क्षमता तथा उपयोगिता को नजरअंदाज करते रहे हैं।

गुरुवार, 13 अक्टूबर 2022

वापसी (लेखक- उषा प्रियंवदा)

फेमिना

गजाधर बाबू ने कमरे में जमा समान पर एक नज़र दौड़ाई-दो बक्स, डोलची, बालटी- “यह डिब्बा कैसा है, गनेशी?” उन्होंने पूछा “गनेशी बिस्तर बांधता हुआ, कुछ गर्व, कुछ दुःख, कुछ लज्जा से बोला, घरवाली ने कुछ बेसन के लड्डू रख दिए हैं कहा, बाबूजी को पसंद थे अब कहां हम गरीब लोग, आपकी कुछ खातिर कर पाएंगे” घर जाने की खुशी में भी गजाधर बाबू ने एक विषाद का अनुभव किया, जैसे एक परिचित स्नेह-आदरमय, सहज संसार से उनका नाता टूट रहा था

“कभी-कभी हम लोगों भी खबर लेते रहिएगा” गनेशी बिस्तर में रस्सी बांधता हुआ बोला
 “कभी कुछ ज़रूरत हो तो लिखना गनेशी। इस अगहन तक बिटिया की शादी कर दो.”
 गनेशी ने अंगोछे के लोहर से अंखें पोंछी, “अब आप लोग सहारा न देने तो कौन देगा आप यहाँ रहते तो शादी में कुछ

फॉलोअर

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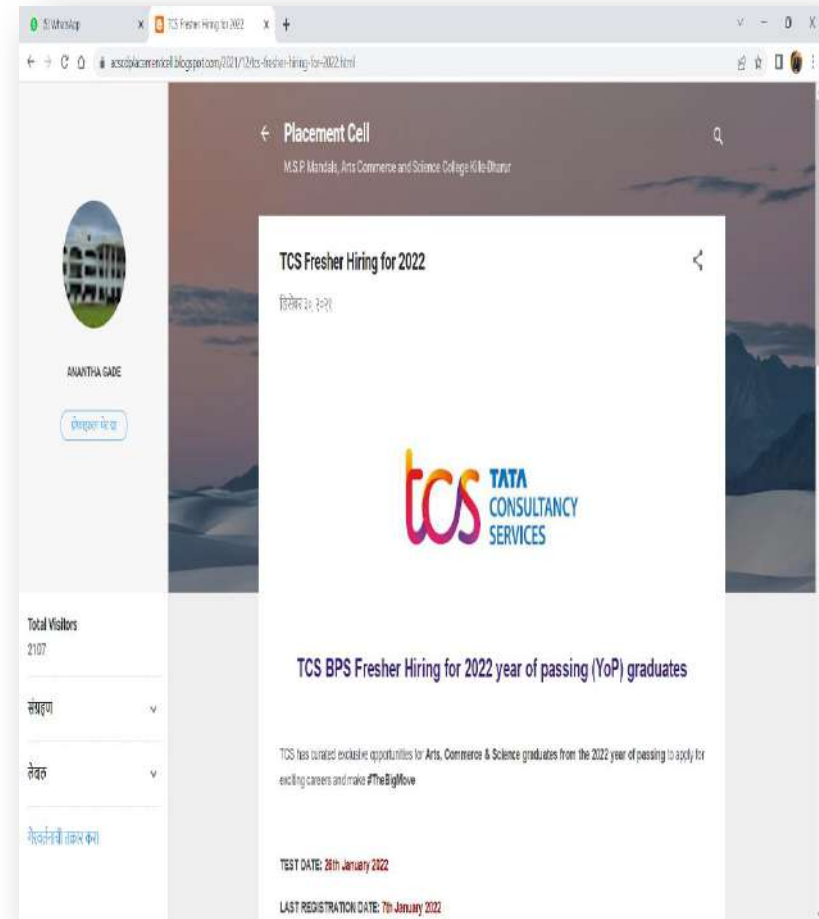
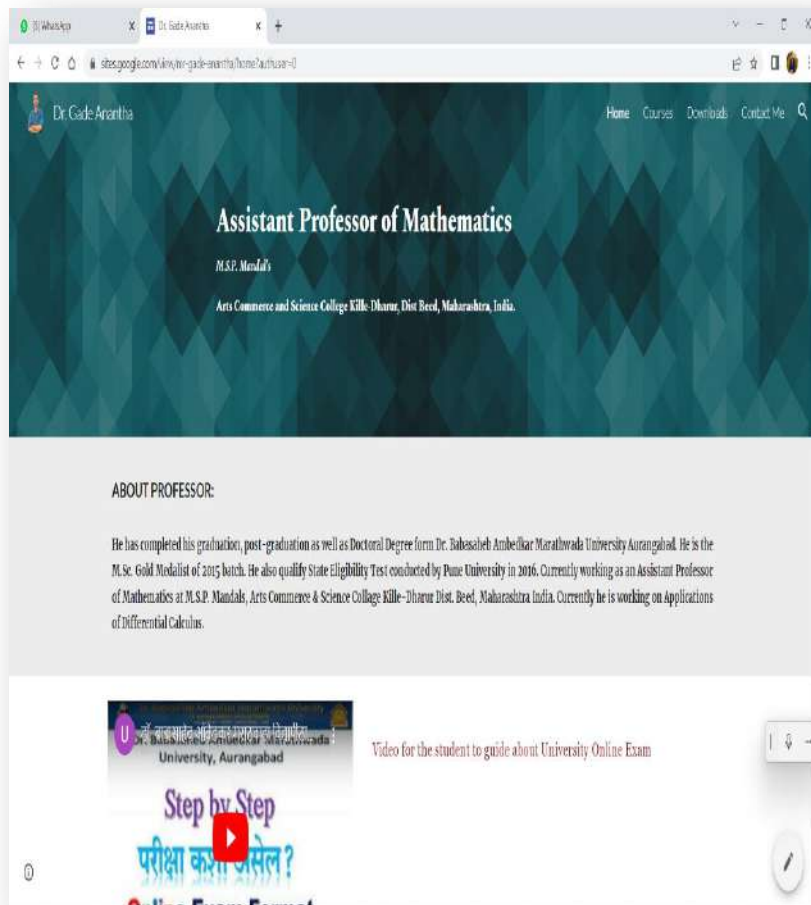
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Sr. No.	Name of the faculty	Department
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ELECTRIC CHARGE

Charge of a material body or particle is the property due to which it produces & experiences electrical & magnetic effects.

Where do charges come from?

Matter is made up of atoms.
 An atom consists of proton, neutron & electron.
 Proton = +ve charge
 Electron = -ve charge
 Neutron = no charge

Electrodynamics Lecture1

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